

# Solutions

## Set – 1

Table 2.1: Types of Solutions

Type of Solution	Solute	Solvent	Common Examples
<i>Gaseous Solutions</i>	Gas	Gas	Mixture of oxygen and nitrogen gases
	Liquid	Gas	Chloroform mixed with nitrogen gas
	Solid	Gas	Camphor in nitrogen gas
<i>Liquid Solutions</i>	Gas	Liquid	Oxygen dissolved in water
	Liquid	Liquid	Ethanol dissolved in water
	Solid	Liquid	Glucose dissolved in water
<i>Solid Solutions</i>	Gas	Solid	Solution of hydrogen in palladium
	Liquid	Solid	Amalgam of mercury with sodium
	Solid	Solid	Copper dissolved in gold

**Q1. Which of the following is an example of gas in gas solutions?**

- A. Mixture of oxygen and nitrogen gases
- B. Chloroform mixed with nitrogen gas
- C. Camphor in nitrogen gas
- D. Solution of hydrogen in palladium

**Ans. (A)**

**Q2. Camphor in nitrogen gas is an example of which type of solutions?**

- A. Gas in Gas
- B. Liquid in Gas
- C. Solid in Gas
- D. Gas in Liquid

**Ans. (C)**

**Q3. In chloroform mixed with nitrogen gas the solute exists in which state?**

- A. Solid



- B. Gas
- C. Liquid
- D. None of the above

**Ans. (C)**

**Q4. Which of the following is not an example of solid in solid solution?**

- A. Lead dissolved in Tin
- B. Carbon dissolved in carbon
- C. Copper dissolved in Gold
- D. Amalgam of Mercury with Sodium

**Ans. (D)**

**Q5. Which of the following is an example of Gas in Solid Solutions?**

- A. Camphor in Nitrogen Gas
- B. Chloroform mixed in nitrogen gas
- C. Solution of Hydrogen in palladium
- D. Ethanol dissolved in water

**Ans. (C)**

**Q6. Oxygen dissolved in water is an example of which type of solution?**

- A. Gas in Liquid
- B. Liquid in Liquid
- C. Solid in Liquid
- D. Liquid in Gas

**Ans. (A)**



## Set – 2

**Table 2.4: Values of van't Hoff factor,  $i$ , at Various Concentrations for NaCl, KCl, MgSO<sub>4</sub> and K<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>.**

Salt	*Values of $i$			van't Hoff Factor $i$ for complete dissociation of solute
	0.1 m	0.01 m	0.001 m	
NaCl	1.87	1.94	1.97	2.00
KCl	1.85	1.94	1.98	2.00
MgSO <sub>4</sub>	1.21	1.53	1.82	2.00
K <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	2.32	2.70	2.84	3.00

**Q1. The Van't Hoff factor for complete dissociation of NaCl is:**

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4

**Ans. (B)**

**Q2. The Van't Hoff factor for complete dissociation of K<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> is:**

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4

**Ans. (C)**

**Q3. Which of the following is the correct order of values of  $i$  for the following salts at 0.1 m?**

- A. NaCl < KCl < MgSO<sub>4</sub> < K<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>
- B. K<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> < MgSO<sub>4</sub> < KCl < NaCl
- C. KCl < MgSO<sub>4</sub> < NaCl < K<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>
- D. MgSO<sub>4</sub> < KCl < NaCl < K<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>

**Ans. (D)**



**Q4. Which of the following is the correct order of values of  $i$  for the following salts at 0.001 m?**

- A.  $\text{MgSO}_4 < \text{NaCl} < \text{KCl} < \text{K}_2\text{SO}_4$
- B.  $\text{KCl} < \text{MgSO}_4 < \text{NaCl} < \text{K}_2\text{SO}_4$
- C.  $\text{NaCl} < \text{KCl} < \text{MgSO}_4 < \text{K}_2\text{SO}_4$
- D.  $\text{K}_2\text{SO}_4 < \text{MgSO}_4 < \text{KCl} < \text{NaCl}$

**Ans. (A)**

